

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of **Accel Japan Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan**

We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of ACCEL JAPAN KABUSHIKI KAISHA, JAPAN (hereinafter referred to as the company") as at 31st March 2016 and related Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on that date annexed thereto and a summary of accounting policies and other explanatory information. These financial statements have been prepared by the Company's management as per Generally Accepted Accounting Principles adopted in India for the purpose of consolidating the company's financials with that of the holding company.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and results of operations of the company in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles adopted in India; this includes the design implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with standards on auditing issued by the ICAI. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain the reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor consider the internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design the audit procedure that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the management, as well as evaluation the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

S.K.RAM ASSOCIATES

■ Chartered Accountants
Old No. 57/2, New No. 103
P.S. Sivaswamy Salai, Mylapore
Chennai 600 004. INDIA
E-Mail: skram@md3.vsnl.net.in

■ Phone : (91) (44) 24993637
(91) (44) 24991644
(91) (44) 24980416

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March, 2016, and of its results of operations for the year then ended in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles adopted in India.

For S K Ram Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 2842S



R. Balaji
Membership Number: 202916
Place of Signature: Chennai
Date: July 30, 2016



Accel Japan Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

Balance sheet as at

(All amounts in JPY lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	31-Mar-16 JPY	31-Mar-15 JPY
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2.1	106.00	106.00
Reserves and surplus	2.2	(149.12)	(309.77)
		(43.12)	(203.77)
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	2.3	520.03	276.83
Other current liabilities	2.4	357.57	307.73
		877.60	584.56
TOTAL		834.48	380.79
Assets			
Current assets			
Trade receivables	2.5	577.89	231.58
Cash and bank balances	2.6	218.89	51.41
Short-term loans and advances	2.7	37.70	47.75
Other current assets	2.8	-	50.05
		834.48	380.79
TOTAL		834.48	380.79

Significant Accounting Policies

1

Notes to the Balance Sheet

2

Other Notes

4

As per our report of even date

For S K RAM ASSOCIATES

Firm Registration No. 2842S

Chartered Accountants

R. Balaji

Membership No. 202976



Place: Chennai, India

Date: 30th July 2016

For and on behalf of the Board

M Mehta

Director

MFM

M K

Director

MK

Accel Japan Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

Statement of Profit and loss account for the year ended

(All amounts in JPY lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	31-Mar-16 JPY	31-Mar-15 JPY
Continuing operations			
Income			
Revenue from operations	3.1	2,538.60	1,107.24
Other income	3.2	-	0.08
Total revenue (I)		2,538.60	1,107.32
Expenses			
Cost of Services		453.63	35.70
Employee benefit expenses	3.3	1,547.51	932.74
Other expenses	3.4	374.64	208.74
Total (II)		2,375.78	1,177.18
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) (I) – (II)		162.82	(69.86)
Finance costs (Net)	3.5	2.17	1.79
Profit/(loss) before tax		160.65	(71.65)
Tax expenses			
Total tax expense		-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations		160.65	(71.65)

Significant Accounting Policies	1
Notes to the Statement of Profit and Loss Account	3
Other Notes	4
<i>As per our report of even date</i>	

For S K RAM ASSOCIATES
Firm Registration No.2842S
Chartered Accountants


R. Balaji
Membership No.202916



Place: Chennai, India
Date : 30th July 2016

For and on behalf of the Board


M. Melita
Director
MFM


M. K.
Director
MK

ACCEL JAPAN KABUSHIKI KAISHA, JAPAN*(All figures are in Japanese Yen in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***Cash Flow Statement for the period**

	March 31, 2016 JPY	March 31, 2015 JPY
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net profit / (loss) for the year before tax	160.65	(71.65)
Adjustment for:		
Finance costs	2.17	1.79
Operating profit / (loss) before reinvestment of capital	<u>162.82</u>	<u>(69.86)</u>
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade receivables	(346.31)	186.37
(Increase)/Decrease in other current assets	50.05	(50.05)
(Increase)/Decrease in loans and advances	10.05	(12.36)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables	293.04	(6.89)
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	<u>169.65</u>	<u>47.21</u>
Tax (paid)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u>169.65</u>	<u>47.21</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Finance costs	(2.17)	(1.79)
Proceeds from advance towards share capital		
Net cash flows from/ (used in) financing activities	<u>(2.17)</u>	<u>(1.79)</u>
Net Increase/(decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	167.48	45.42
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	51.41	5.99
Cash & Cash equivalents at end of the year	<u>218.89</u>	<u>51.41</u>

*As per our report of even date***For S K RAM ASSOCIATES****Firm Registration No.28426***Chartered Accountants*


R. Balaji
 Membership No.202916



Place: Chennai, India

Date : 30th July 2016

For and on behalf of the Board


 Director
 MFM


 Director
 MK

Accel Japan Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

2. Notes to the balance sheet

(All amounts in JPY lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

2.1. Share capital

Issued, Subscribed & Paid up

10,600,000 (March 31, 2014: 10,600,000) equity shares of JPY 1/- each

Total

As at Mar 31, 2016 - JPY	As at March 31, 2015 - JPY
106.00	106.00
<u>106.00</u>	<u>106.00</u>

2.2 Reserves & surplus

Securities premium account

Balance as at the beginning of the year

Add : Securities premium credited on Share issue

Balance as at the end of the year

Surplus / (deficit) in the profit and loss account

Balance as at the beginning of the year

Profit / (Loss) For The Year

Balance as at the end of the year

Total

As at Mar 31, 2016 - JPY	As at March 31, 2015 - JPY
182.73	182.73
<u>182.73</u>	<u>182.73</u>
(492.50)	(420.85)
160.65	(71.65)
<u>(331.85)</u>	<u>(492.50)</u>
<u>(149.12)</u>	<u>(309.77)</u>

2.3 Trade payables

Outstanding dues to micro & small enterprises (Refer Note 2.7.1)

Outstanding dues other than above

Advances refundable

Total

As at Mar 31, 2016 - JPY	As at March 31, 2015 - JPY
520.03	276.83
<u>520.03</u>	<u>276.83</u>

2.4 Other current liabilities

Statutory dues payable

Liability for expenses

Total

As at Mar 31, 2016 - JPY	As at March 31, 2015 - JPY
243.61	255.88
113.76	51.85
<u>357.57</u>	<u>307.73</u>

All known liabilities have been accounted in preparing the financial statements.

Liabilities classified as current liabilities on the balance sheet date are those, which fall due for payment on demand within one year from the balance sheet.

2.5 Trade receivables

Unsecured, considered good and outstanding for a period less than six months from the date they are due for payment

Trade receivables

Considered doubtful

Less: Provision for doubtful receivables

Total

As at Mar 31, 2016 - JPY	As at March 31, 2015 - JPY
577.89	231.58
<u>577.89</u>	<u>231.58</u>
<u>577.89</u>	<u>231.58</u>

Trade and other receivables are stated at the amounts estimated to be realized.

2.6 Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash on Hand

Balances with Banks

- on current accounts

Total

As at Mar 31, 2016 - JPY	As at March 31, 2015 - JPY
-	1.19
218.89	50.22
<u>218.89</u>	<u>51.41</u>

2.7 Short term loans and advances

Advances to Associate / Subsidiary companies

Rent deposits

Other loans and advances

Total

As at Mar 31, 2016 - JPY	As at March 31, 2015 - JPY
4.51	1.22
33.19	46.53
<u>37.70</u>	<u>47.75</u>


2.8 Other current assets

Other receivables

Prepaid expenses

Total

As at Mar 31, 2016 - JPY	As at March 31, 2015 - JPY
-	48.02
-	2.03
<u>-</u>	<u>50.05</u>

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Accel Japan Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

3. Notes to the Statement of Profit and Loss account for the year ended

(All amounts in JPY lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

3.1 Revenue from operations

	31-Mar-16 In JPY	31-Mar-15 In JPY
Revenue from operations		
Sale of services	2,538.60	1,107.24
Revenue from operations (net)	<u>2,538.60</u>	<u>1,107.24</u>

3.2. Other income

	31-Mar-16 In JPY	31-Mar-15 In JPY
Interest income on Others	-	0.08
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>0.08</u>

3.3. Employee benefits expense

	31-Mar-16 In JPY	31-Mar-15 In JPY
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,340.93	920.08
Contribution to provident and other funds	28.57	11.50
Staff welfare expenses	178.01	1.16
Total	<u>1,547.51</u>	<u>932.74</u>

3.4. Other expenses

	31-Mar-16 In JPY	31-Mar-15 In JPY
Sub-contracting and outsourcing cost	453.63	35.70
Rent	23.51	33.96
Power and fuel	2.46	0.09
Others	-	3.60
Insurance	0.29	4.05
Rates and taxes	-	2.61
Communication costs	15.69	14.57
Travelling and conveyance	145.64	50.55
Printing and stationery	9.72	2.44
Legal and professional fees	102.35	66.61
Payment to auditor	-	0.30
Advertising and sales promotion	32.63	18.84
Miscellaneous expenses	42.35	11.12
Total	<u>374.64</u>	<u>208.74</u>

3.5. Finance costs

	31-Mar-16 In JPY	31-Mar-15 In JPY
Interest	-	-
Bank charges & Commission	2.17	1.79
Exchange Fluctuation in Foreign exchange	-	-
Total	<u>2.17</u>	<u>1.79</u>

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ACCEL JAPAN KABUSHIKI KAISHA, JAPAN*(All figures are in Japanese Yen, unless otherwise stated)***4. Other Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year Ended March 31, 2016.****4.1. Legal status and business activity:**

ACCEL JAPAN (FORMERLY NETWORK PROGRAMS), KABUSHIKI KAISHA, a company incorporated under the laws of JAPAN in Tokyo. The company was acquired as a wholly owned subsidiary by ACCEL FRONTLINE LIMITED, India, effective January 01, 2008. The company is primarily engaged in rendering software services.

4.2. Tangible Assets:

There is no Fixed Assets in the company.

4.3. Sundry debtors / Sundry creditors / Loans & advances**4.4. Changes in equity:**

Particulars	Issued Capital/ Share application Money	Share application Money	Accumulated Profit/(loss)	Total
Balance as on March 31, 2015	106	183	(492)	(204)
Profit/(Loss) for the year ending Mar 31, 2016			161	161
Balance as on March 31, 2016	106	183	(332)	(43)

4.5. REVENUE RECOGNITION:

Revenue is generally accounted for on accrual basis and is recognized as follows:

a) Services: Revenue is recognized over the period in which the service is provided.

b) Software services:

Revenue on time-and-material contracts are recognized as the related services are performed and revenue from the end of the last billing to the Balance Sheet date is recognized as unbilled revenues.

Revenue from fixed-price and fixed-timeframe contracts, where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognized based upon the percentage of completion method. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved. Provision for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current estimates.

4.6. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTION

Name of the Party	Nature of Relationship
Accel Frontline Limited, India	Holding company
Network Programs USA INC. USA	Fellow Subsidiary
Network Programs Japan INC. USA	Fellow Subsidiary

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

Shri. Malcolm F. Mehta	Director
Shri. Milind Kalurkar	Director
Shri. Ram Kumar	Director

4.7. RELATED PARTY INTEREST IN CONTRACTS:

The key persons of the company are neither directly nor indirectly interested in any contract with the company.

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P.K.

4.8. The transactions with its related parties are as follows :

Particulars	Ultimate Holding Company	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiary
Purchases		-	4,04,62,946
			(35,70,775)
Sales	6,01,26,486		-
		(1,94,48,000)	
Receivables	29,93,696		37,56,338
		(34,35,000)	(37,56,338)
Payables		-	5,41,85,052
		(3,25,000)	(2,83,78,653)

Note: Item under parenthesis represent previous year figures

4.9. Capital Commitments:

The Company has no capital commitments, which would require disclosure as at March 31, 2016.

4.10. Contingent Liabilities:

There are no contingent liabilities as at the balance sheet date, which would require provision or disclosure.

4.11. Earning per Share

The earnings considered in ascertaining the company's basic and diluted earnings per share comprise of the net profit/(loss) after tax. The number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The number of shares used in computing the diluted earnings per share comprises the weighted average shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of shares if any which would have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

4.12. Measurement of EBITDA

The company measures EBITDA on the basis of profit/(loss) from continuing operations. In its measurement does not include depreciation and amortization expense, finance costs and tax expense

4.13. Comparative Figures:

The previous year's balances have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the current year's presentation.

As per our report attached

For S K RAM ASSOCIATES
Firm Registration No. 28426
Chartered Accountants


R. Balaji
Membership No. 202916



Place: Chennai, India
Date : 30th July 2016

For and on behalf of the Board


M. Melita
Director
mfm


Director
MK

ACCEL JAPAN KABUSHIKI KAISHA, JAPAN

Significant accounting policies forming part of the financial statements

(a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historic cost convention on accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applicable in India. GAAP comprises mandatory accounting standards prescribed by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 issued by the Central Government in exercise of the power conferred under sub-section (1)(a) of Section 642 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and 2013 (to the extent notified) and pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. The management evaluates all recently issued or revised accounting standards on an ongoing basis.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Revised Schedule VI to the Companies Act, 1956. Based on the nature of products and time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affects the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities on the date of financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management believes the estimates are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ from these estimates.

(b) Non Current - Tangible assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met as per Accounting standards 16 and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Cost includes all expenses attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing fixed assets, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of fixed assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

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R.P.K.

